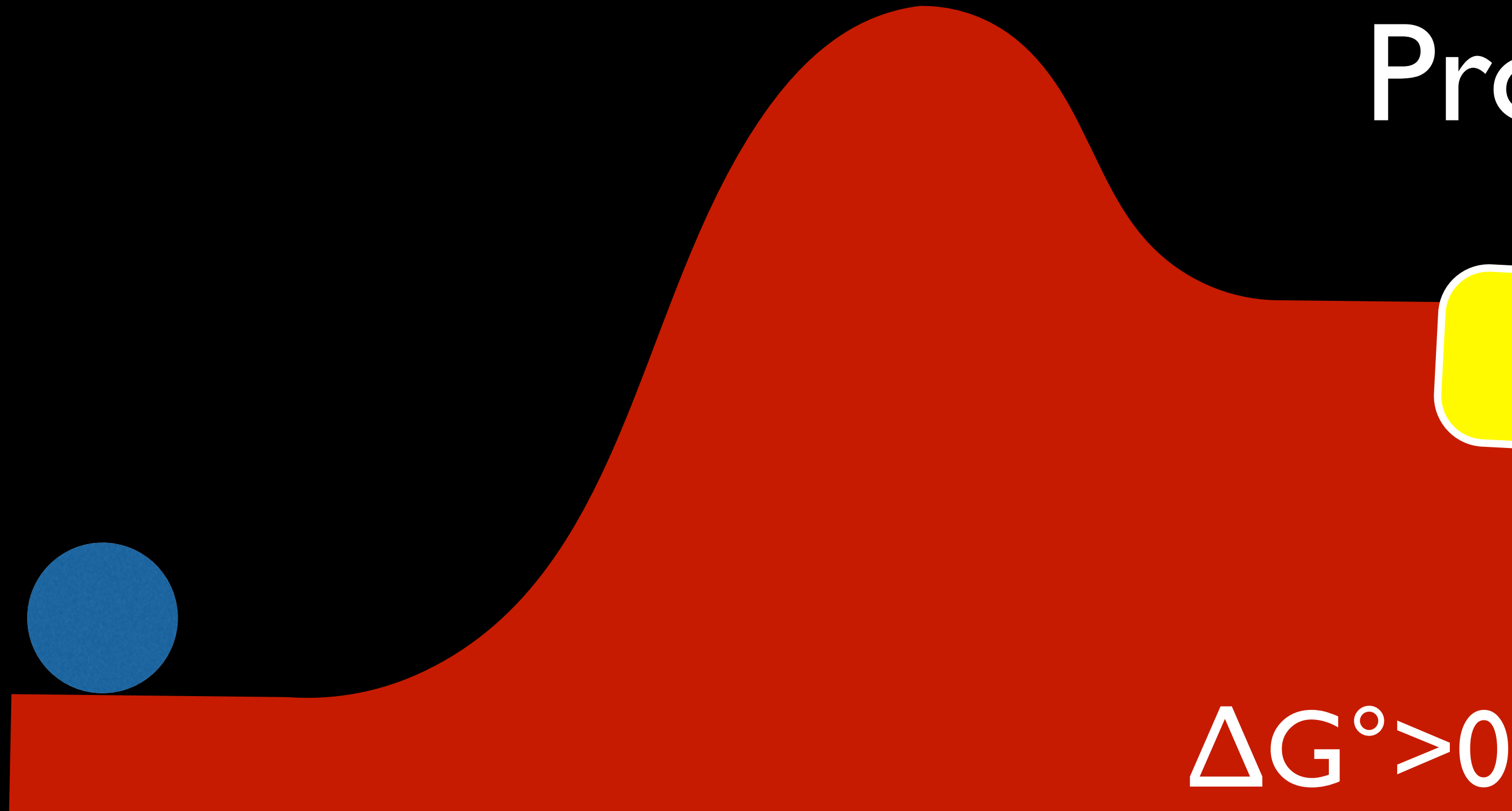


Driving Nonspontaneous Processes

Free Energy ↑



Nonfavorable

Endergonic

Chemistry Essentials - 060

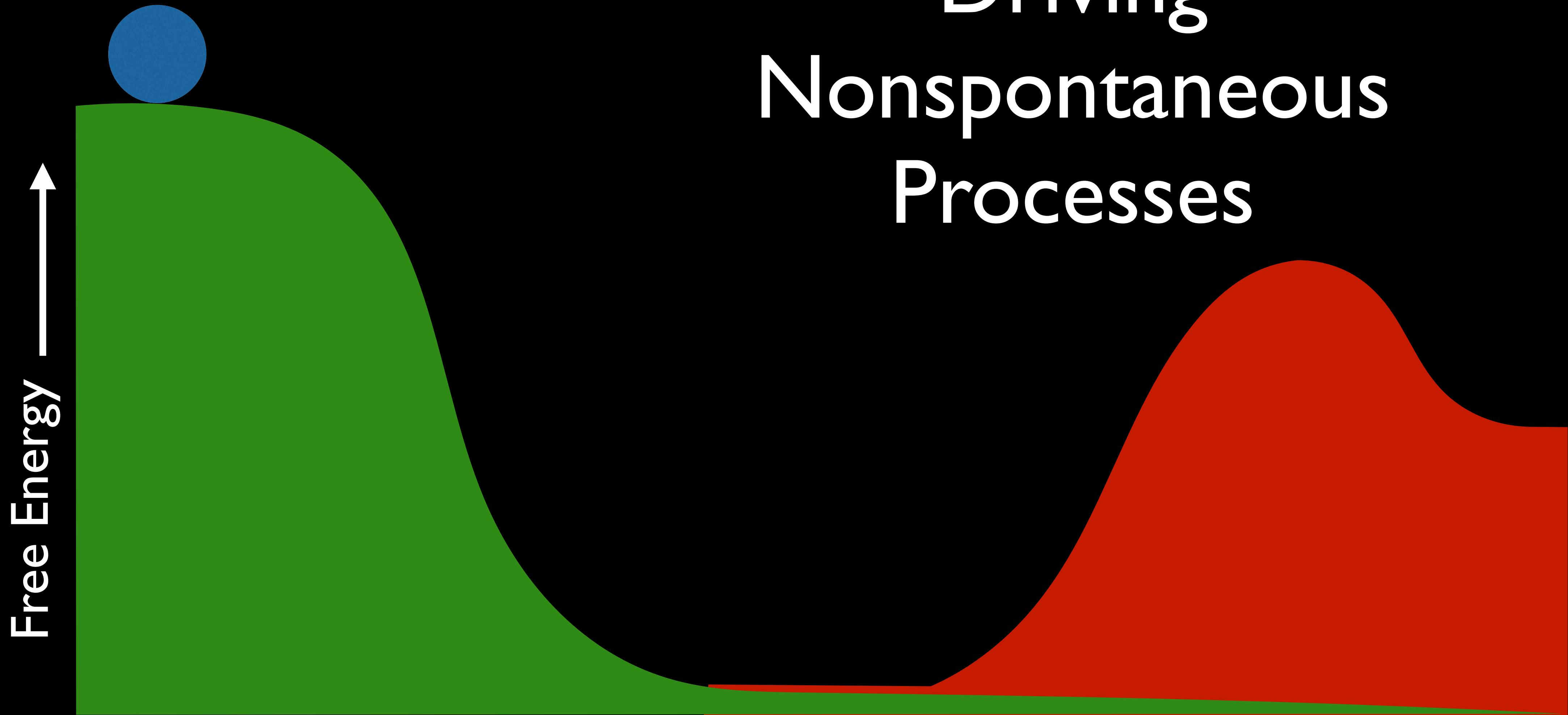
Driving Nonspontaneous Processes

Energy

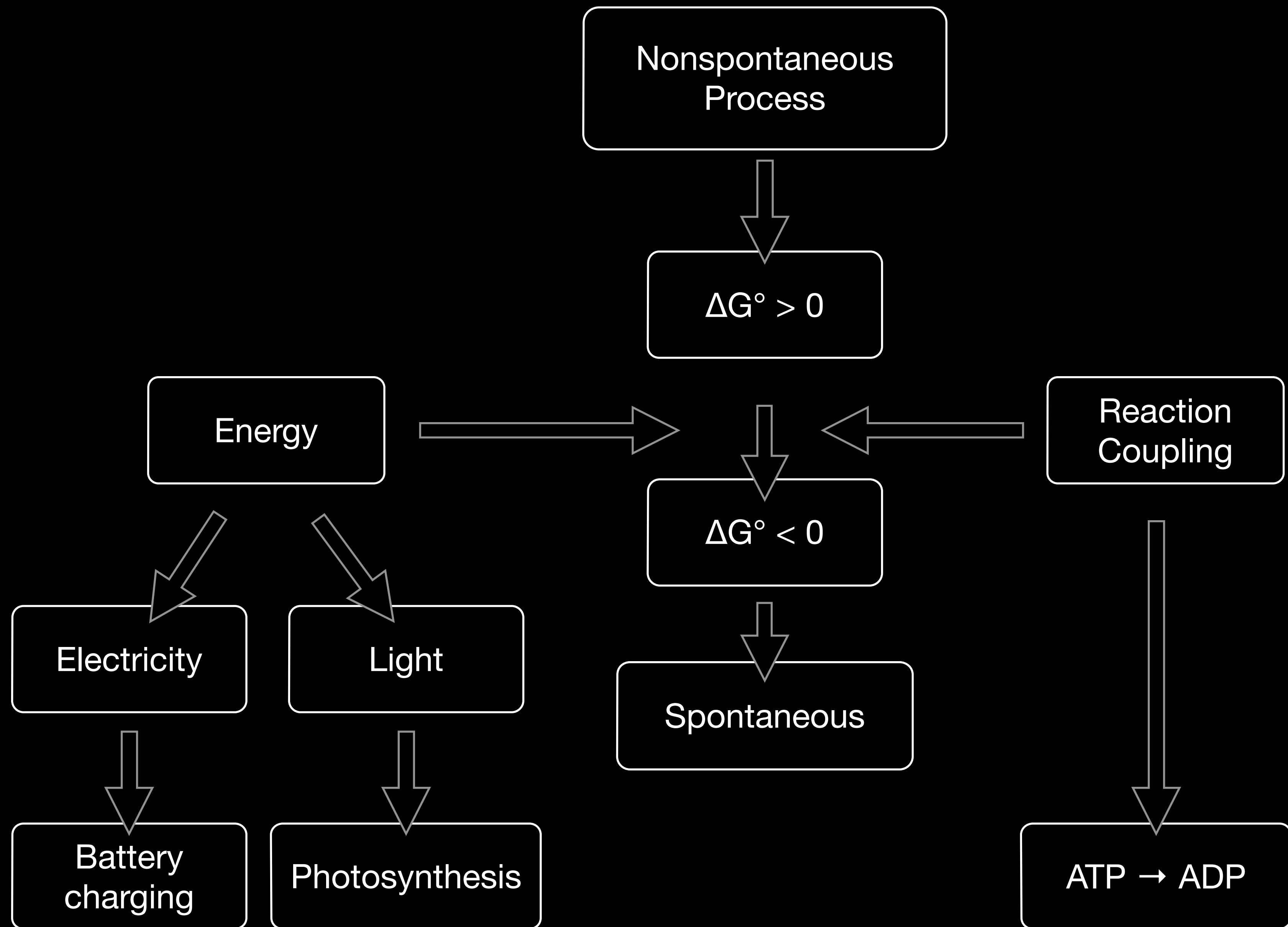


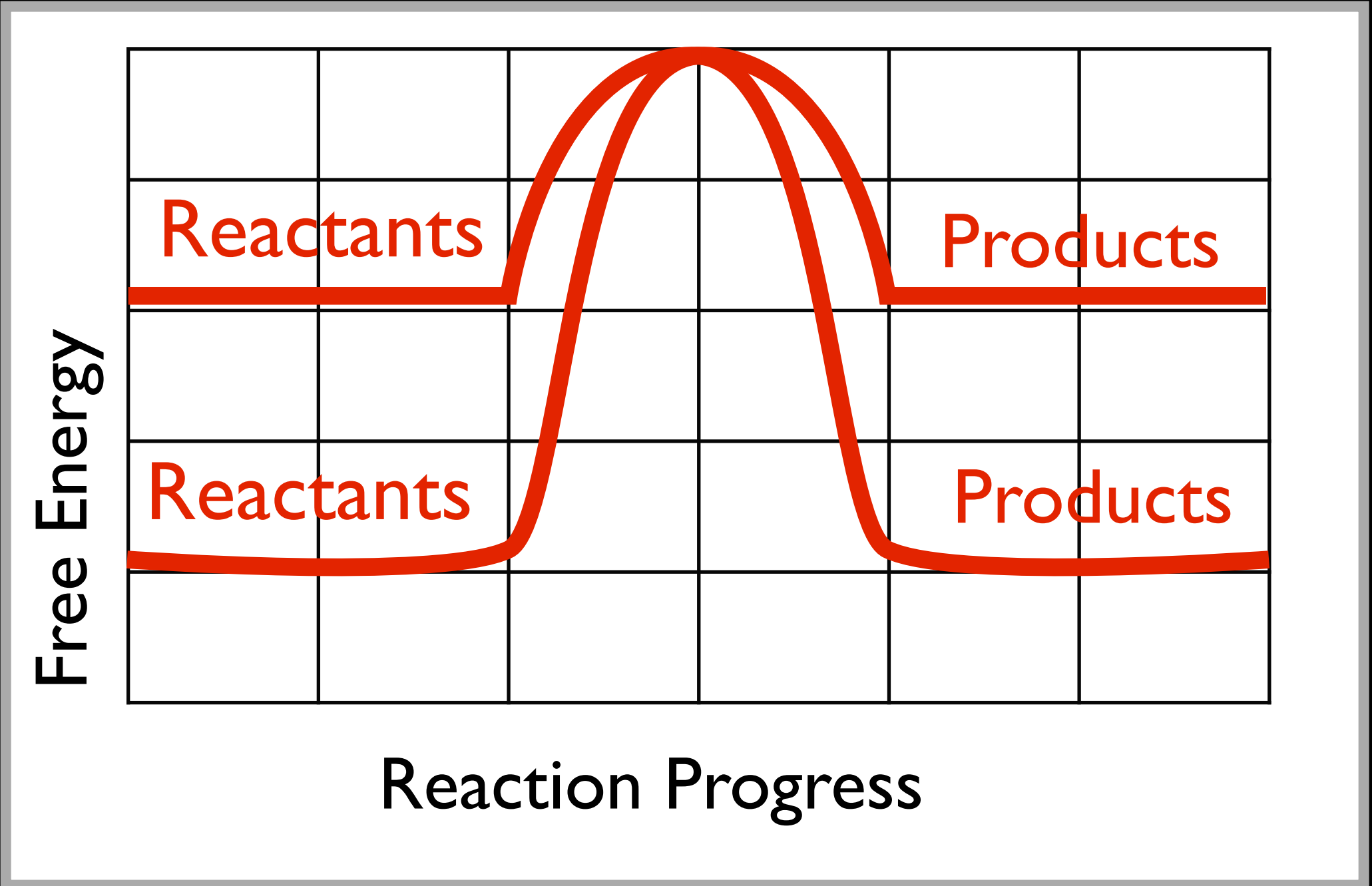
Chemistry Essentials - 060

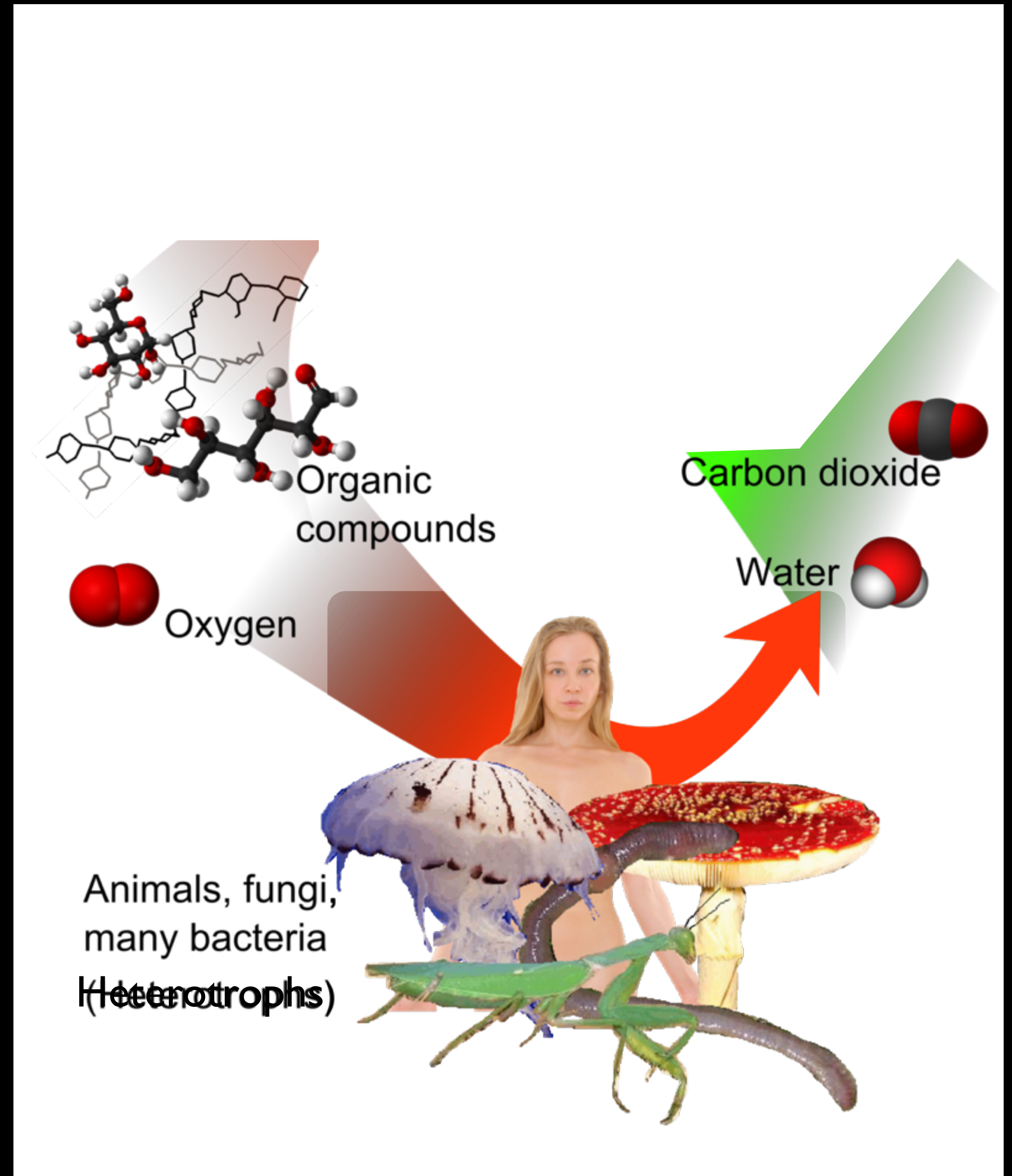
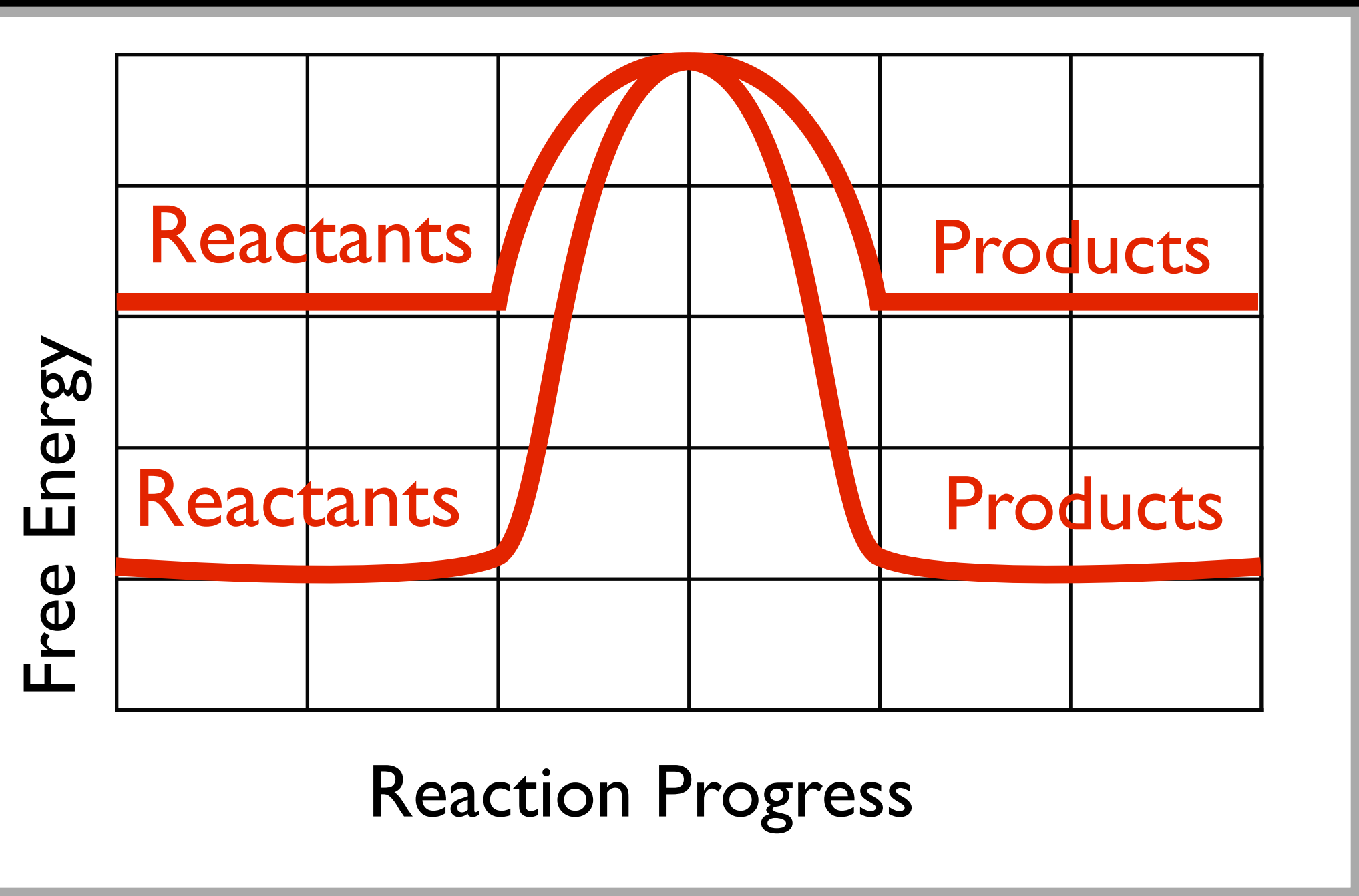
Driving Nonspontaneous Processes

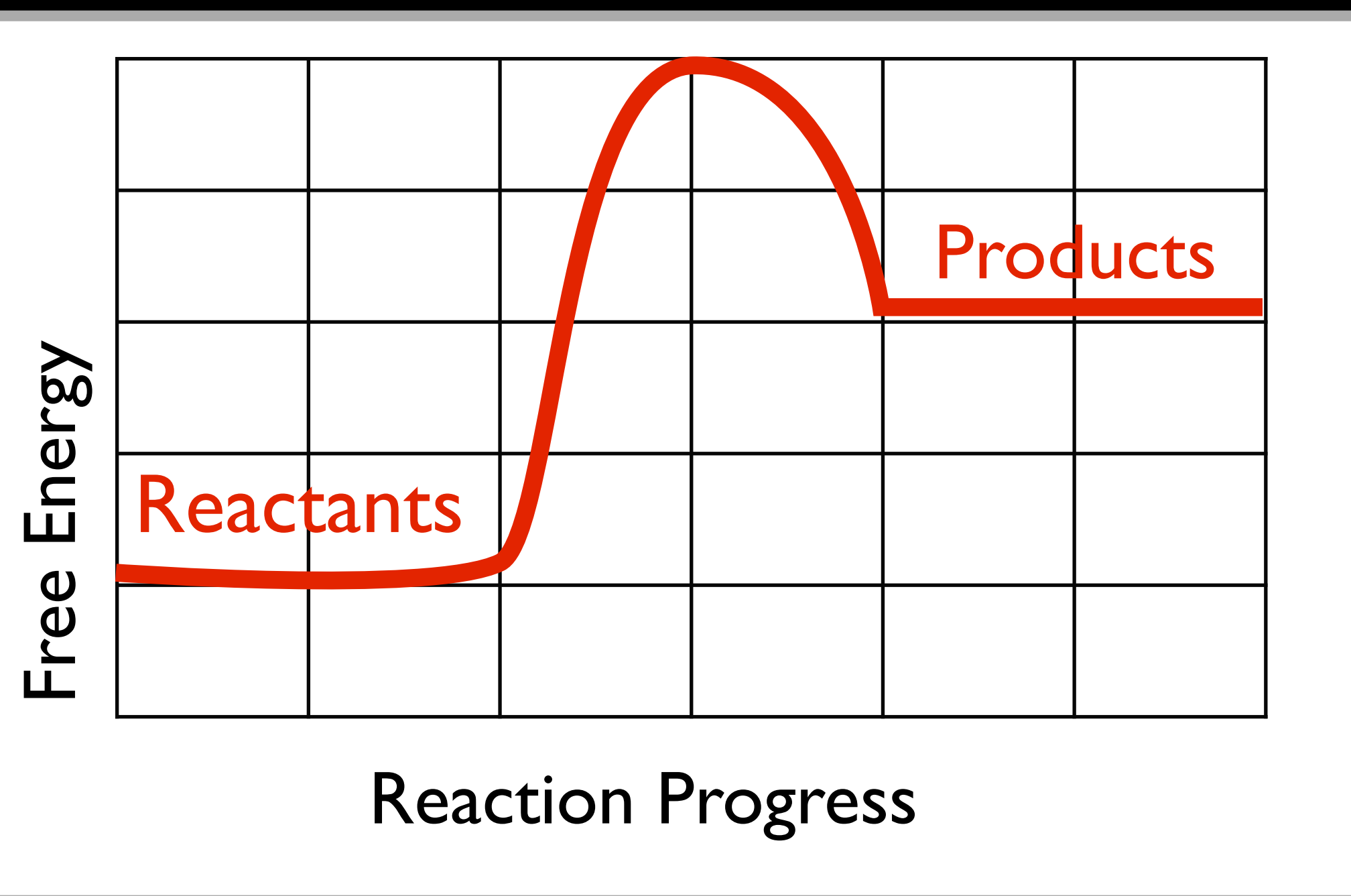
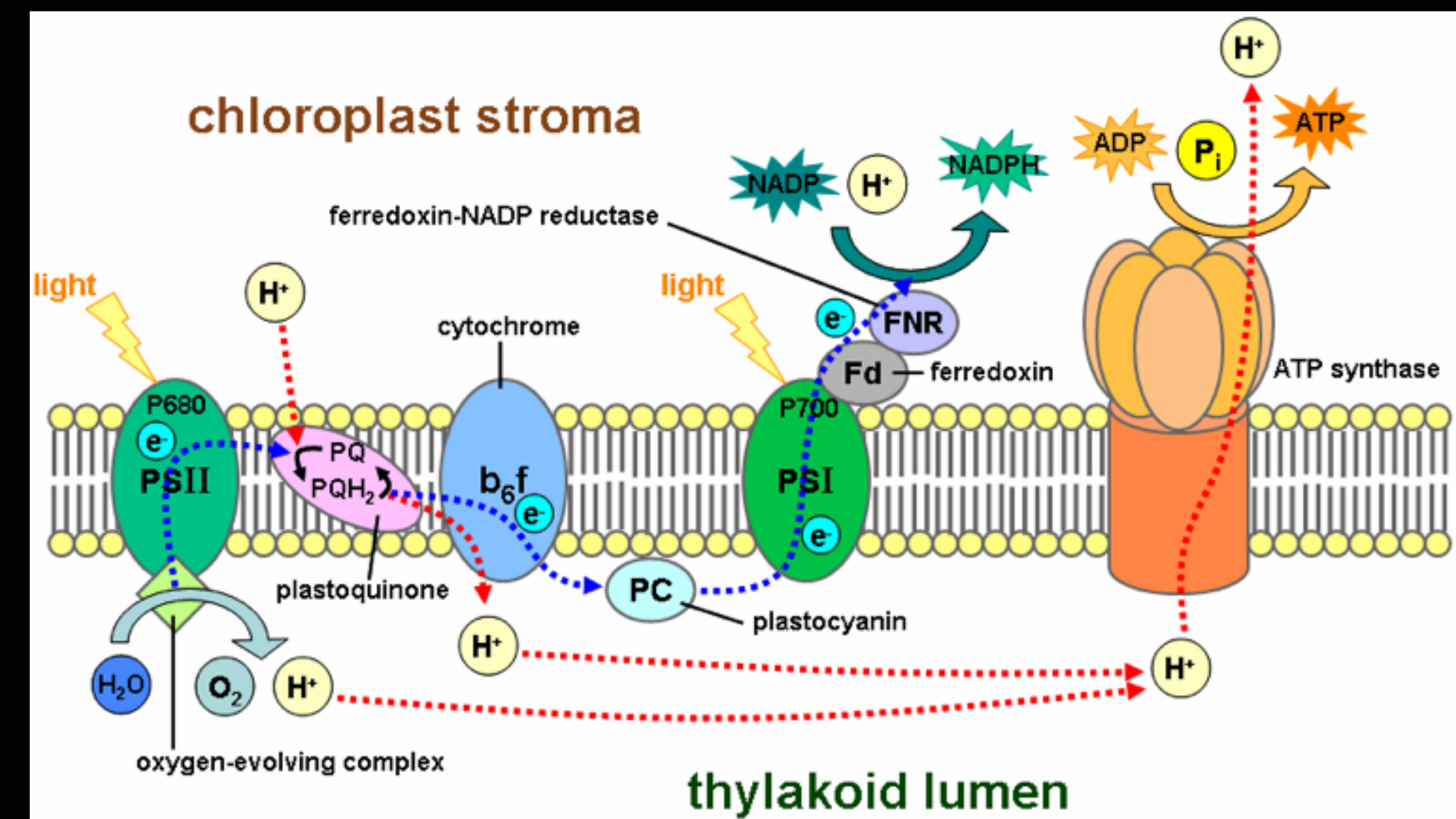


Chemistry Essentials - 060

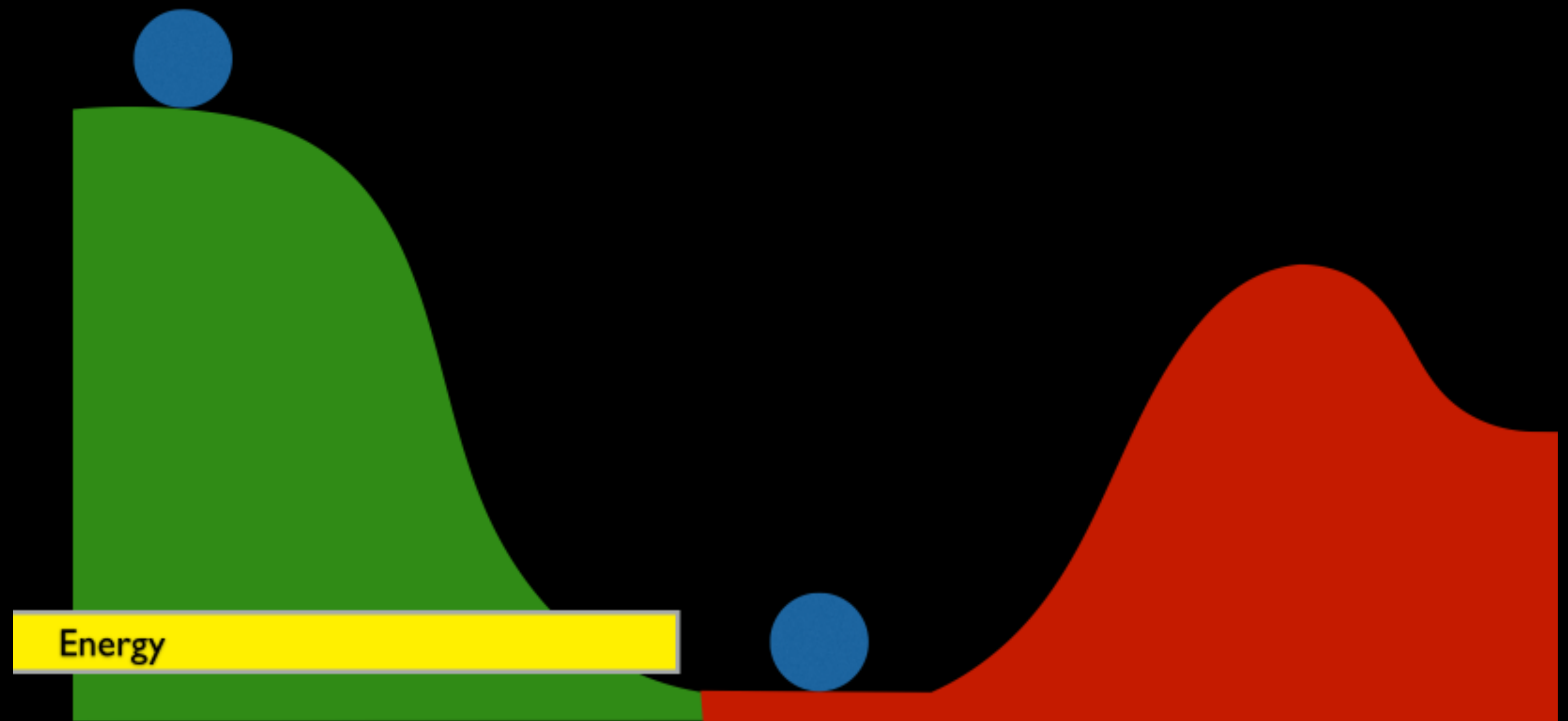




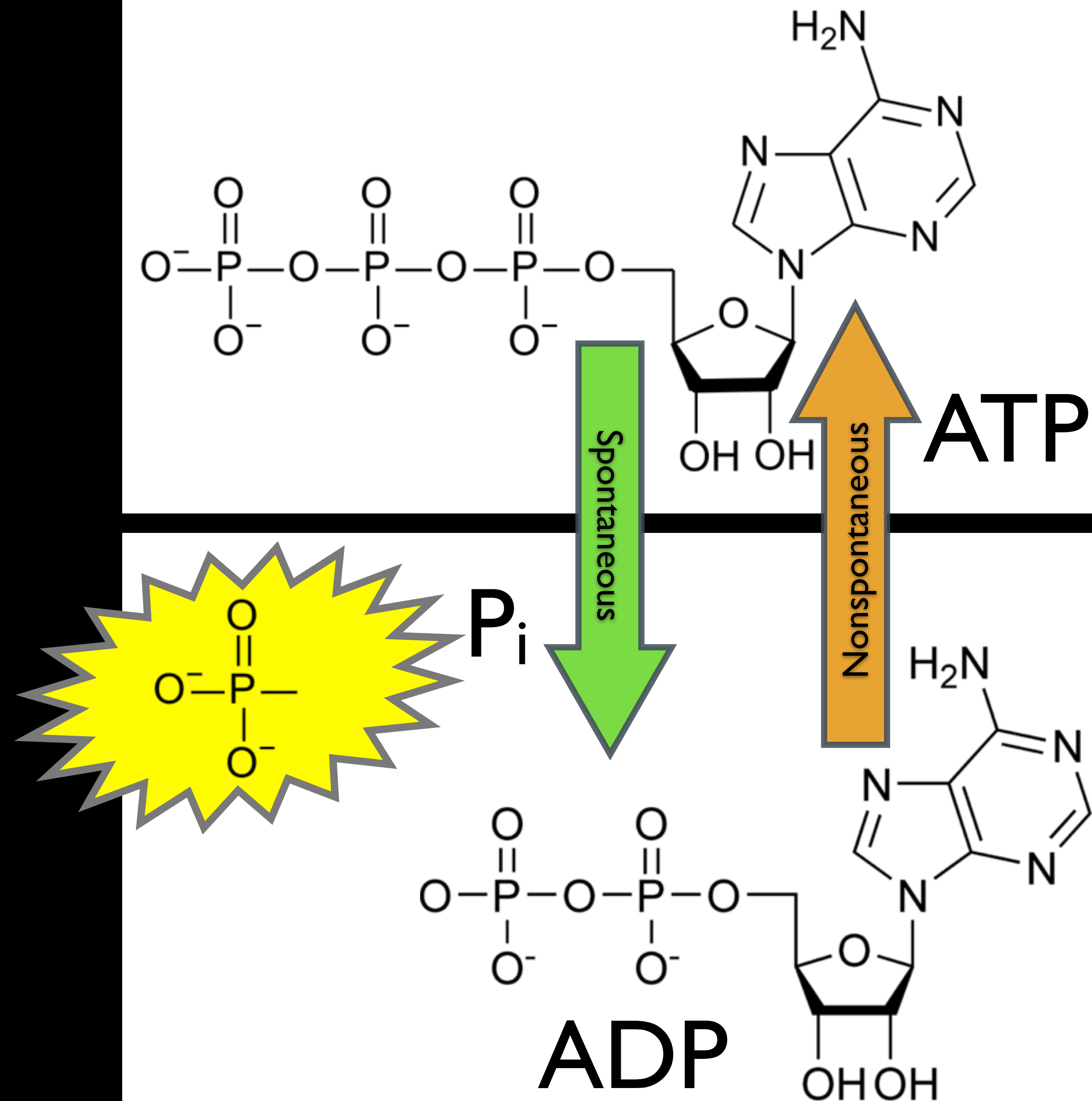




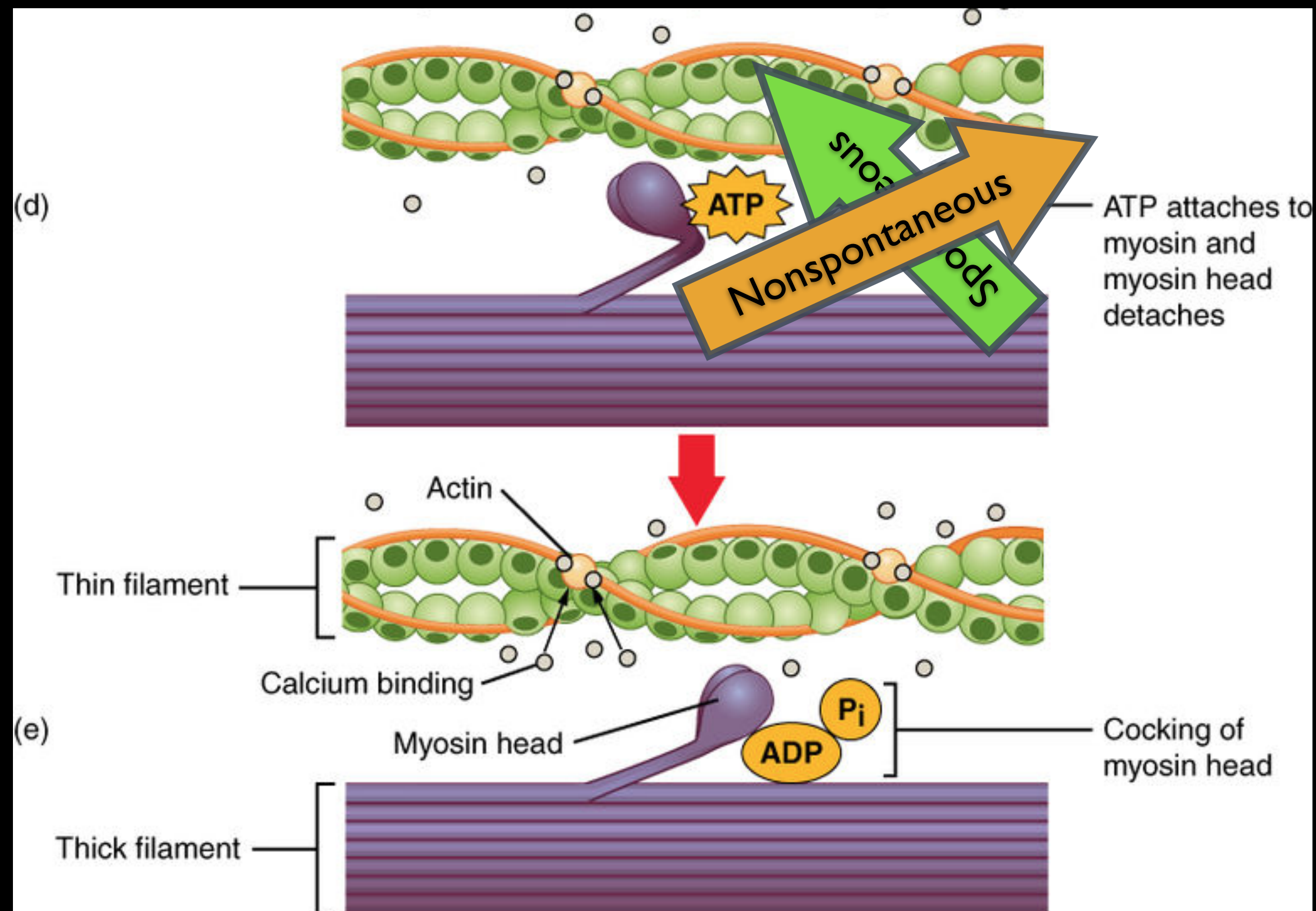
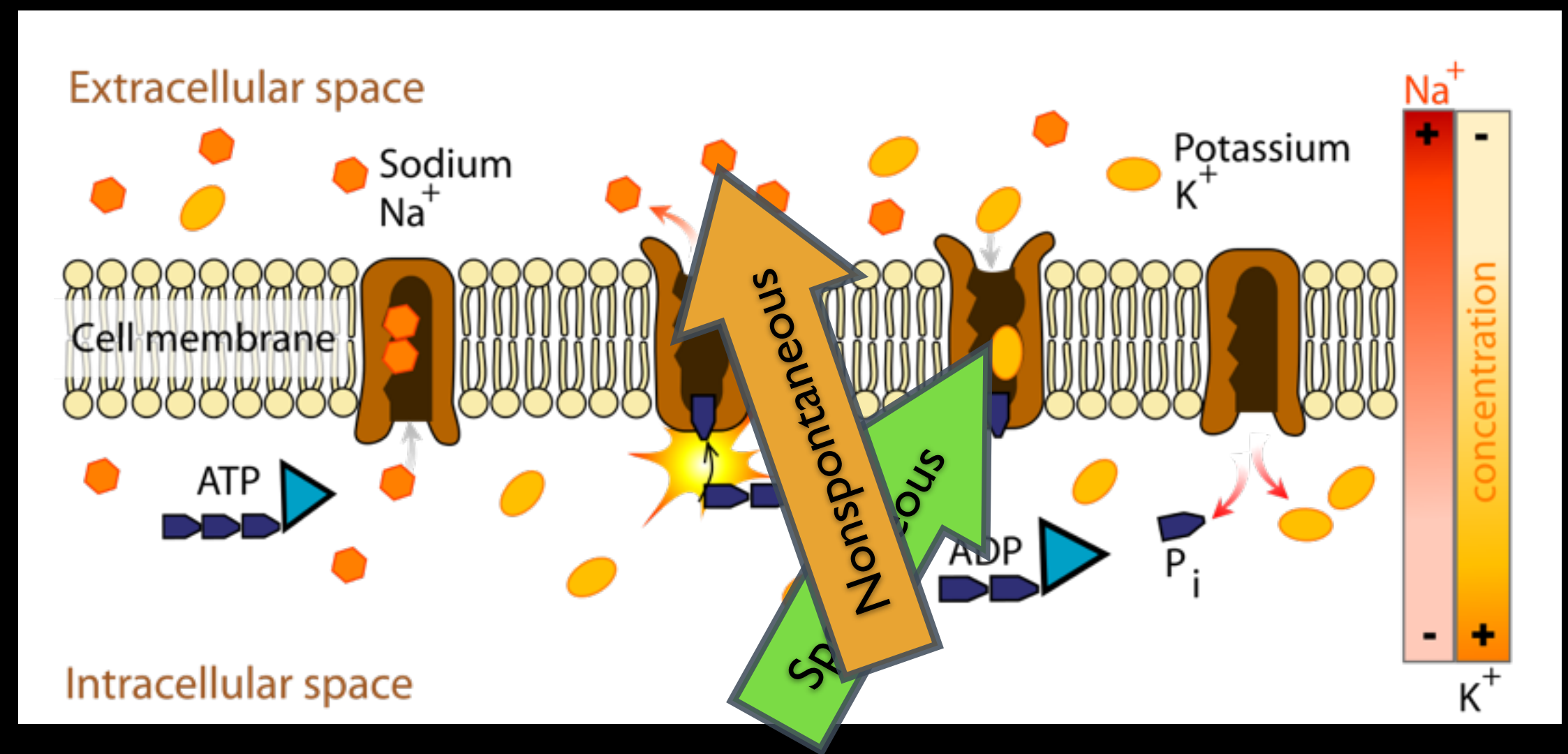
Energy Coupling



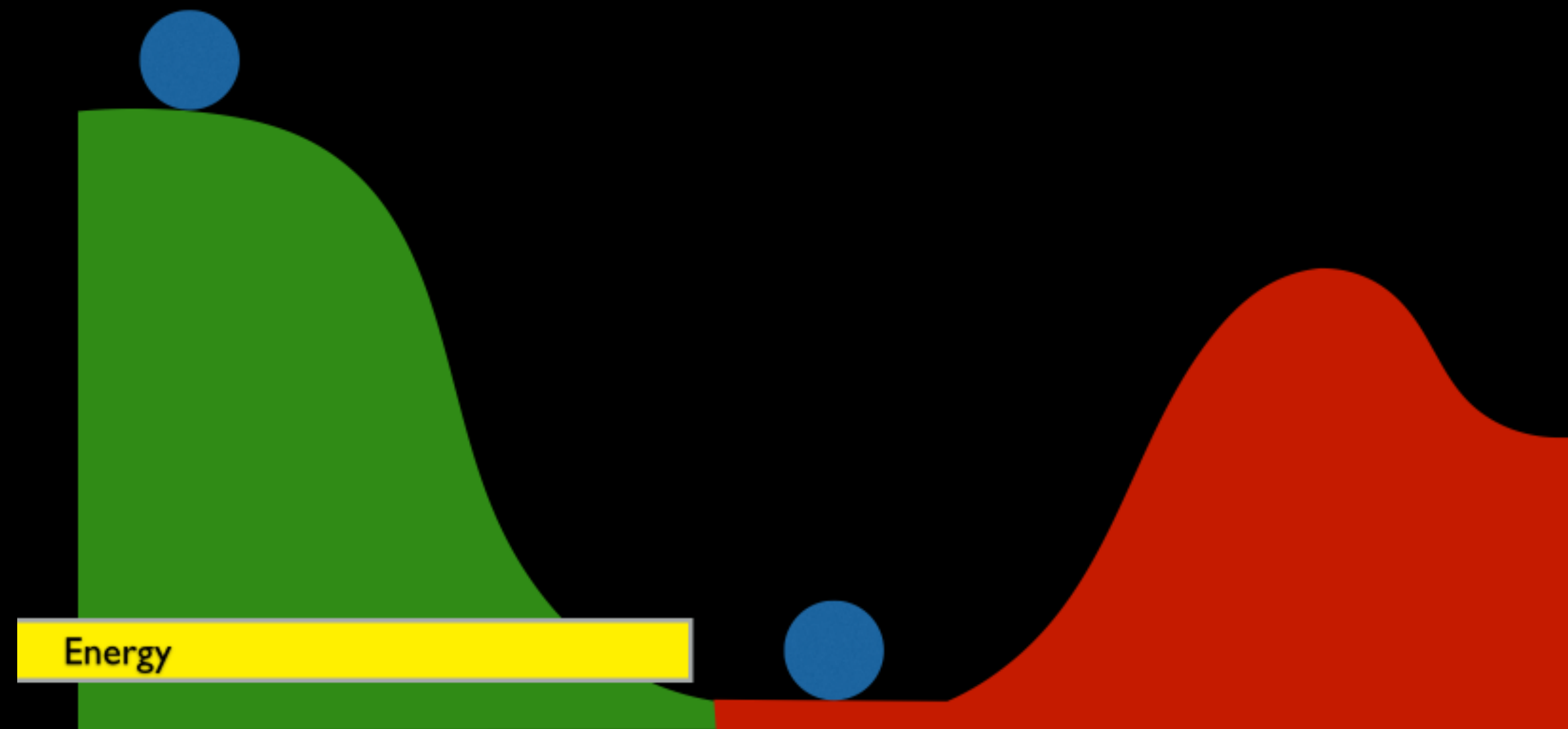
Energy Coupling



Energy Coupling



Did you learn?



To explain how external energy or reaction coupling can be used to drive endergonic reactions.

Acknowledgements

College, OpenStax. English: (a) The Active Site on Actin Is Exposed as Calcium Binds to Troponin. (b) The Myosin Head Is Attracted to Actin, and Myosin Binds Actin at Its Actin-Binding Site, Forming the Cross-Bridge. (c) During the Power Stroke, the Phosphate Generated in the Previous Contraction Cycle Is Released. This Results in the Myosin Head Pivoting toward the Center of the Sarcomere, after Which the Attached ADP and Phosphate Group Are Released. (d) A New Molecule of ATP Attaches to the Myosin Head, Causing the Cross-Bridge to Detach. (e) The Myosin Head Hydrolyzes ATP to ADP and Phosphate, Which Returns the Myosin to the Cocked Position., April 3, 2013. Anatomy & Physiology, Connexions Web site. <http://cnx.org/content/col11496/1.6/>, Jun 19, 2013. http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:1008_Skeletal_Muscle_Contraction.jpg. "File:Charger.jpg." Wikipedia, the Free Encyclopedia. Accessed December 29, 2013. <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Charger.jpg>. "File:Energizer Rechargeable batteryIMG 0006.JPG." Wikipedia, the Free Encyclopedia. Accessed December 29, 2013. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Energizer_rechargeable_batteryIMG_0006.JPG. "File:Leaf 1 Web.jpg." Wikipedia, the Free Encyclopedia, December 28, 2013. http://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=File:Leaf_1_web.jpg&oldid=573724699. "File:Thylakoid Membrane.png." Wikipedia, the Free Encyclopedia. Accessed December 29, 2013. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Thylakoid_membrane.png. Häggström, Mikael. English: Cycle between Autotrophs and Heterotrophs. Autotrophs Can Use Carbon Dioxide (CO2) and Water to Form Oxygen and Complex Organic Compounds, Mainly through the Process of Photosynthesis. All Organisms Can Use Such Compounds to Again Form CO2 and Water through Cellular Respiration., April 22, 2009. Images used: http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Auto-and_heterotrophs.png. User:Mysid. The Chemical Structure of W:adenosine Triphosphate., August 16, 2007. Self-made in bkchem; edited in perl. http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:ATP_structure.svg. Villarreal, LadyofHats Mariana Ruiz. English: Example of Primary Active Transport, Where Energy from Hydrolysis of ATP Is Directly Coupled to the Movement of a Specific Substance across a Membrane Independent of Any Other Species., February 23, 2007. Own work. Image renamed from Image:Sodium-Potassium_pump.svg. http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Scheme_sodium-potassium_pump-en.svg. a



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